### TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**DECEMBER 31, 2020** 

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Principal: Allison E. Gunther, CPA



Established in 1955

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\*Also Licensed in Pennsylvania

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Town of Union Local Development Corporation Endwell, New York

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION (a nonprofit organization), a component unit of the Town of Union, which comprise of the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Piaker & Lyons

The Board of Directors
Town of Union Local Development Corporation

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of Town of Union Local Development Corporation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of loans receivable on page 11 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 10, 2021 on our consideration of Town of Union Local Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Union Local Development, Corporation's internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Union Local Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Piaku + hympC PIAKER & LYONS, P.C.

Binghamton, New York March 10, 2021

# TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

		2020		2019
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	929,282	\$	1,738,673
Loans Receivable - Current Portion (Net of Reserve for Doubtful				
Loans of \$20,312 in 2019)		158,539		136,279
Accounts Receivable		4,960		2,473
Grant Receivable		300,000		2 505
Prepaid Expense		2,626		2,507
Total Current Assets		1,395,407		1,879,932
Other Assets				
Loans Receivable - Non-Current Portion		1,139,946		650,994
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,535,353	\$	2,530,926
TOTAL AGGLIG	-		-	
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	3,634	\$	153
Accrued Liabilities		1,326		2,320
Compensated Absences - Current Portion		6,973	-	3,789
Total Current Liabilities		11,933		6,262
Long - Term Liabilities				
Compensated Absences, Net of Current Portion		29,869		32,815
Total Liabilities		41,802		39,077
Net Assets				
Without Restrictions		2,469		2,316
With Restrictions		2,491,082		2,489,533
Total Net Assets		2,493,551		2,491,849
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	2,535,353	\$	2,530,926

# TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	Without Restrictions	With Restrictions	<u>Total 2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Operating Revenues	ф	ф. 117.042	\$ 116,042	\$ 110,196
Federal Aid - CDBG	\$ -	\$ 116,042 20,135	20,135	21,896
Loan Interest Miscellaneous Income	150	20,133	150	40
Contributed Revenue - Town of Union	-	4,386	4,386	4,386
Contributed Revenue - Town of Charles				
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	150	140,563	140,713	136,518
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	_	84,833	84,833	85,102
Administration Fees	-	8,403	8,403	6,714
Employee Benefits	-	18,601	18,601	18,130
Occupancy	-	4,386	4,386	4,386
Audit	-	4,600	4,600	4,600
Legal Fees	-	-	-	275
Provision for Loan Losses		20,312	20,312	
Total Operating Expenses		141,135	141,135	119,207
Operating Income (Loss)	150	(572)	(422)	17,311
Non-Operating Revenue Other Interest Income	3	2,121	2,124	9,227
Other Interest income				
Change in Assets	153	1,549	1,702	26,538
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	2,316	2,489,533	2,491,849	2,465,311
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 2,469	\$ 2,491,082	\$ 2,493,551	\$ 2,491,849

# TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u>	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Providing Services Cash Payments for Contractual Expenses Cash Advances to Loan Program Recipients Cash Advances to Grant Program Recipients Cash Received from Loan Program Repayments	\$	138,226 (118,217) (662,500) (300,000) 130,976	\$	136,342 (114,681) - - 184,323	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		(811,515)		205,984	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Interest Income		2,124		9,227	
Increase (Decrease) In Cash		(809,391)		215,211	
Cash at Beginning of Year		1,738,673		1,523,462	
Cash at End of Year	\$	929,282	\$	1,738,673	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile to Net Cash Provided By (Used In)	\$	(422)	\$	17,311	
Operating Activities:  Decrease in Reserve for Doubtful Accounts  Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		(20,312)		-	
Loans Receivable Accounts Receivable Grant Receivable Accounts Payable Prepaid Expense Compensated Absences Accrued Liabilities		(490,900) (2,487) (300,000) 3,481 (119) 238 (994)		184,323 (176) - (227) 81 4,268 404	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities	\$	(811,515)	\$	205,984	

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. <u>Nature of Activities</u> The Town of Union Local Development Corporation (LDC) was established to aid the Town of Union in growth and development of business concerns by encouraging the location of industrial, manufacturing, and commercial capacity, and the creation of new and improved job opportunities and retention of existing jobs within the geographic boundaries of the Town of Union.
- B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> In 2019, the LDC adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14 "Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities." The ASU was issued to improve net asset classification requirements and the information presented in financial statements and notes about a not-for-profit entity's liquidity, financial performance, and cash flows.

Under Topic 958, the LDC is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of asset: net assets without restrictions and net assets with restrictions. Net Assets without restrictions are net assets that are not subject to or no longer subject to stipulations. Net assets with restrictions are net assets whose use is limited by time and/or purpose restrictions.

C. Revenue Recognition - As of January 1, 2019, the LDC adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers using the modified retrospective method. ASC 606 provides a single principles-based revenue recognition model with a five-step analysis of transactions to determine when and how revenue is recognized. The core principle is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. There was no effect to any lines of the financial statements as a result of adopting ASC 606.

The LDC is a nonprofit corporation and is a component unit of the Town of Union. The LDC operates as a proprietary fund (a business-type activity), distinguishing operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues are mostly comprised of grant, government subsidy, and interest revenue resulting from exchange transactions associated with the principal activities. All revenues not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues. Revenues are recognized when earned.

LDC is funded principally through grants from the Town of Union Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG). LDC recognizes the grant funds from CDBG when received, which coincides with the disbursement of funds by LDC for various operating expenses and new loans.

LDC also receives revenue in the form of repayments on loans from the Urban Development Action Grant Program (UDAG) and grants from the Town of Union's (UDAG) program. Program income generated from CDBG and UDAG loans is recognized as revenue when received.

D. <u>Federal Income Taxes</u> - The LDC is tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, it is not liable for income taxes. The LDC files annual informational returns to the Internal Revenue Service (Form 990) and to New York State Department of Law (Office of the Attorney General) (CHAR500). The LDC has not been informed of any tax examinations by either the Internal Revenue Service or New York State. Tax returns for the previous three years are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> The LDC considers short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- F. <u>Compensated Absences</u> The LDC utilizes employees of the Town of Union. The amount of compensated absences as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, represent unused vacation pay and sick leave based on the Town's personnel policy.
- G. <u>Use of Estimates</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- H. Reserve for Doubtful Loans The LDC follows the policy of providing currently for bad debts in order to maintain an adequate reserve for anticipated losses. As of December 31, 2019, there was a \$20,312 reserve for doubtful loans based on management's assessment of collectability of loans receivable. In the current year, the reserve was utilized in conjunction with the LDC's write-off of an uncollectible \$40,624 loan receivable. Management has determined that no additional reserve was necessary as of December 31, 2020.
- I. <u>Contributions and Grants</u> Contributions are recorded as revenue upon receipt of cash or unconditional promises to give. Contributions are considered available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

The Town of Union contributes office space to the LDC for its operations. The accompanying financial statements include amounts for this contributed service, which as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was valued at approximately \$4,386, by management.

#### NOTE 2 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the LDC to concentrations of credit risk, consist of deposits with a single financial institution, cash in excess of FDIC insurance, and loans receivable. The LDC generally places its cash and investments with quality financial institutions and collateralizes cash deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with obligations of the United States and its agencies. As of December 31, 2020, cash deposits in excess of FDIC coverage and collateralization amounted to approximately \$241,000.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to loans receivable are limited due to the large number of loans and the dispersion across many different industries. Also, the LDC requires security to support the loans receivable.

#### **NOTE 3 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The LDC has approved various development loan commitments as of December 31, 2020. Such commitments will be funded upon the satisfaction of all loan provisions by the applicants and the availability of funds at the time of closing the loans.

During 2019, the LDC awarded four \$10,000 grants to local small businesses. According to the award letters, the LDC will forgive the grants over a three-year grant performance period, subject to a maturity date. As of December 31, 2020, none of the grantees had satisfied the grant provisions or requested the grant funds.

#### **NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE**

Loan Transactions are summarized as follows:

	2020	2019
Loans Receivable Balance, Beginning of Period Year Ended December 31, Activity:	\$ 807,585	\$ 991,908
Loan Advances	662,500	-
Write-Offs	(40,624)	-
Principal Repayments	 (130,976)	 (184,323)
Loans Receivable Balance, End of the Period	1,298,485	807,585
Less: Reserve for Doubtful Loans	-	(20,312)
Less: Loans Receivable - Current Portion	 (158,539)	 (136,279)
Loans Receivable - Noncurrent Portion	\$ 1,139,946	\$ 650,994

#### **NOTE 5 - GRANT RECEIVABLE**

In June 2020, the LDC granted a local business \$300,000 to assist with the acquisition of property and the demolition and construction of a new office building in Endicott, New York. The grant is forgivable in three increments based on the grantee satisfactorily completing specified performance measurements within five years from the date of the disbursement. If the grantee fails to meet all of the grant performance measures within the five year period, the grant converts to a loan at a 4% interest rate. As of December 31, 2020, the balance outstanding was \$300,000.

#### NOTE 6 - TOWN OF UNION AGREEMENT

The LDC has an agreement with the Town of Union, regarding the use of CDBG fund for various economic development programs. The agreement is automatically renewed every two years until either party gives 60 days' notice, prior to the expiration date, to end the agreement. Upon termination, all loans related to funds allocated by CDBG funds become the property of the Town of Union and the LDC shall assign to the Town related security interest.

#### **NOTE 7 - FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES**

		Program Services	lanagement nd General	2020 Total	2019 Total
Salaries	\$	52,098	\$ 32,735	\$ 84,833	\$ 85,102
Administration Fees		-	8,403	8,403	6,714
Employee Benefits		10,225	8,376	18,601	18,130
Occupancy		-	4,386	4,386	4,386
Audit		-	4,600	4,600	4,600
Legal Fees		-	-	-	275
Provision for Loan Losses	_	20,312	 	 20,312	 
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$	82,635	\$ 58,500	\$ 141,135	\$ 119,207

The costs of providing program service and other activities have been summarized in the schedule above. Accordingly, 2020 costs have been allocated between program service, and management and general based on actual costs incurred within each function. The 2019 costs are summarized in total for comparison purposes.

#### NOTE 8 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The LDC's financial assets available for general use within one year of the balance sheet date consist of cash and cash equivalents of \$929,282 and current net portion of loans receivable and accounts receivable of \$158,539 and \$4,960, respectively. Therefore, financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditure within one year as of December 31, 2020 is \$1,092,781.

#### **NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The LDC has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between January 1, 2021 and March 10, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the accompanying financial statements.

During 2020, and subsequent to that date the worldwide pandemic, Coronavirus disease (COVID-19), began significantly impacting the United States. Since then, COVID-19 is causing significant disruptions in all aspects caused by required government closures of business and decreased demand for certain products and services. Additionally, there have been material retractions in economic demand causing a severe macroeconomic downturn in both financial markets as well as business operations in general. While the full economic impacts of COVID-19 are unknown as of March 10, 2021, it is at least reasonably possible that the LDC may experience material impacts caused by this global crisis on its operations during the next operating cycle.

## TOWN OF UNION LOCAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF LOANS RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Bala	Principal ince as of /1/2020	<u>2020</u>	2020 Repayments	2020 Write-Offs	Loan Principal Balance as of 12/31/2020
CDBG Loans:						
17 Kentucky Avenue, LLC	\$	206,041	\$ -	\$ 9,756	\$ -	\$ 196,285
402 Airport Rd. Holding, LLC		52,119	-	2,463	-	49,656
500 North Street, LLC		20,414	-	8,209	-	12,205
Connolly Companies, LLC		72,189	-	9,716	-	62,473
Engineering Manufacturing Tech		3,542	7-	3,542	-	-
Fuller Holding Company, LLC		-	162,500	9,028	-	153,472
Jewels of Java, LLC		40,624	-	-	40,624	-
New Vision Industries, Inc.		88,698	-	14,468	-	74,230
Renaissance Realty & Management		13,305	-	7,903	-	5,402
Sonostics		136,557	-	20,626	-	115,931
Southern Tier Leasing, LLC		37,748	-	5,075	-	32,673
Southern Tier Technologies, LLC		37,311	-	5,016	-	32,295
T&M Enterprises of Broome County, NY Inc.		22,119		3,619		18,500
Subtotal CDBG Loans		730,667	162,500	99,421	40,624	753,122
UDAG - Façade Loans:						
2719-2725 Plaza, LLC		17,020	, ·	8,170	_	8,850
Gobbo Enterprises, LLC		1,065	_	1,065	_	-
Spathl Group		53,333	_	15,000	_	38,333
Taylor Irene Properties, LLC		5,500	-	2,000	_	3,500
Subtotal UDAG - Façade Loans		76,918		26,235		50,683
UDAG - Business Assistance Loans:						
17 Kentucky Avenue, LLC		_	200,000	5,320	-	194,680
SSE3, LLC			300,000			300,000
Subtotal UDAG - Business Assistance Loans			500,000	5,320		494,680
Total Loans	\$	807,585	\$662,500	\$ 130,976	\$ 40,624	1,298,485
Less: Loans Receivable - Current Portion						(158,539)
Loans Receivable - Non-Current Portion						\$ 1,139,946

See the accompanying notes to financial statements.

Officers:
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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Town of Union Local Development Corporation Endwell, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Town of Union Local Development Corporation(a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Union Local Development Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Union Local Development Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Piaker & Lyons

To the Board of Directors
Town of Union Local Development Corporation

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Union Local Development Corporation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, others within the entity, the Board of Directors, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Fiaku & Lyons, P.C.

Binghamton, New York March 10, 2021